## CD5.242

DC/DC Converter 24V, 5A



**CD-Series** 

#### **DC/DC CONVERTER**

- 48V DC-Input
- Isolated 24Vdc Output
- Efficiency up to 90.3%
- Width only 32mm
- 20% Output Power Reserves
- Full Power Between -25°C and +60°C
- Soft-start Function Included
- Minimal Inrush Current Surge
- Reverse Input Polarity Protection
- 3 Year Warranty

### **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

**PULS** 

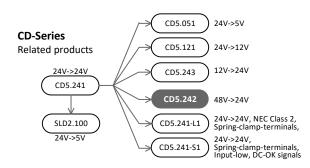
DIMENSION

The Dimension CD-Series offer DIN rail DC/DC converters in the 92-120W output power range in a very compact housing. These DC/DC converters are allowed to run with a battery or similar sources.

The CD5.242 converts a 48V voltage to a 24V voltage.

The CD5.242 includes all the essential basic functions and has a power reserve of 20% included. This extra power can be used continuously up to  $+45^{\circ}$ C.

The output is electrically isolated from the input in a safe way. The input is protected against reversed voltages and contains a soft start function.



### **ORDER NUMBERS**

DC/DC Converter	CD5.242	Standard unit
Accessory	ZM1.WALL ZM10.WALL ZM11.SIDE YRM2.DIODE	Wall mount bracket Wall mount bracket Side mount bracket Redundancy module

### SHORT-FORM DATA

Output voltage	DC 24V	
Adjustment range	24 - 28V	
Output current	5 – 4.3A	ambient <60°C
	6 – 5.2A	ambient <45°C
Output power	120W	ambient <60°C
	144W	ambient <45°C
Output ripple	< 50mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz
Input voltage	DC 48V	
Input voltage range	36 to 60Vdc	full specified
	30.5 to 36Vdc	with derating
Input current	typ. 2.75A	at 48Vdc input
Input inrush current	typ. 0.6A peak	
Efficiency	90.3%	at 48Vdc input
Losses	12.9W	at 48Vdc input
Temperature range	-25°C to +70°C	operational
Derating	3W/°C	+60 to +70°C
Hold-up time	typ. 5.6ms	at 48Vdc input
Dimensions	32x124x102mm	WxHxD
Weight	425g / 0.94lb	

\*) extended guaranteed adjustment range down to 23V.



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All parameters are specified at 24V, 5A, 48Vdc input voltage, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

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The information presented in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable and may change without notice. Some parts of this unit are patent by PULS (US patent No 091662,063, Des. 424,529, ...).

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### **TERMINOLOGY AND ABREVIATIONS**

PE and 🕀 symbol	PE is the abbreviation for <b>P</b> rotective <b>E</b> arth and has the same meaning as the symbol $\oplus$ .
Earth, Ground	This document uses the term "earth" which is the same as the U.S. term "ground".
t.b.d.	To be defined, value or description will follow later.
DC 24V	A figure displayed with the AC or DC before the value represents a nominal voltage with standard tolerances included. E.g.: DC 12V describes a 12V battery disregarding whether it is full (13.7V) or flat (10V)
24Vdc	A figure with the unit (Vac) at the end is a momentary figure without any additional tolerances included.

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### 1. INTENDED USE

This device is designed for installation in an enclosure and is intended for commercial use, such as in industrial control, process control, monitoring and measurement equipment or the like. Do not use this device in equipment where malfunction may cause severe personal injury or threaten human life.

If this device is used in a manner outside of its specification, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.

### 2. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

#### **WARNING** Risk of electrical shock, fire, personal injury or death.

- Turn power off before working on the device and protect against inadvertent re-powering.
- Do not open, modify or repair the device.
- Use caution to prevent any foreign objects from entering into the housing.
- Do not use in wet locations or in areas where moisture or condensation can be expected.
- Do not touch during power-on, and immediately after power-off. Hot surface may cause burns.

#### Obey the following installation instructions:

This device may only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel.

This device does not contain serviceable parts. The tripping of an internal fuse is caused by an internal defect.

If damage or malfunction should occur during installation or operation, immediately turn power off and send unit to the factory for inspection.

Install device in an enclosure providing protection against electrical, mechanical and fire hazards.

Install the device onto a DIN rail according to EN 60715 with the input terminals on the bottom of the device. Other mounting orientations require a reduction in output current.

Make sure that the wiring is correct by following all local and national codes. Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for a minimum operating temperature of  $60^{\circ}$ C for ambient temperatures up to  $+45^{\circ}$ C,  $75^{\circ}$ C for ambient temperatures up to  $+60^{\circ}$ C and  $90^{\circ}$ C for ambient temperatures up to  $+70^{\circ}$ C.

Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection. Unused screw terminals should be securely tightened.

The device is designed for pollution degree 2 areas in controlled environments. No condensation or frost is allowed.

The enclosure of the device provides a degree of protection of IP20. The enclosure does not provide protection against spilled liquids.

The isolation of the device is designed to withstand impulse voltages of 1.5kV according to IEC 60664-1.

The input can be powered from batteries or similar DC sources. The voltage between the input terminals and ground must not exceed 60Vdc continuously. The ripple voltage in the low frequency range between 50Hz and 10kHz must be negligible when used in marine applications.

The input must be powered from a PELV or SELV source or an "Isolated Secondary Circuit" in order to maintain a SELV or PELV output.

Check for correct input polarity. The device will not operate when the voltage is reversed.

A disconnecting means shall be provided for the input of the device.

The device is designed as "Class of Protection III" equipment according to IEC 61140. A PE (ground) connection is not required. However, connecting the chassis ground terminal to ground can be beneficial to gain a high EMI immunity. The device is designed for convection cooling and does not require an external fan. Do not obstruct airflow and do not cover ventilation grid!

The device is designed for altitudes up to 5000m (16400ft). Above 2000m (6560ft) a reduction in output current is required.

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Keep the following minimum installation clearances: 40mm on top, 20mm on the bottom, 5mm left and right side. Increase the 5mm to 15mm in case the adjacent device is a heat source. When the device is permanently loaded with less than 50%, the 5mm can be reduced to zero.

The device is designed, tested and approved for branch circuits up to 50A without additional protection device. If an external fuse is utilized, do not use circuit breakers smaller than 6A B- or C-Characteristic to avoid a nuisance tripping of the circuit breaker.

The maximum surrounding air temperature is +70°C (+158°F). The operational temperature is the same as the ambient or surrounding air temperature and is defined 2cm below the device.

The device is designed to operate in areas between 5% and 95% relative humidity.

#### Installation Instructions for Hazardous Location Areas

The device is suitable for use in Class I Division 2 Groups A, B, C, D locations and for use in Group II Category 3 (Zone 2) environments.

Classification: ATEX: EPS 08 ATEX 1 142 X, II 3G EX ec nC IIC T4 Gc / IECEx EPS 14.0001X

### WARNING EXPLOSION HAZARDS!

Substitution of components may impair suitability for this environment.

Do not disconnect the device or operate the voltage adjustment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

A suitable enclosure must be provided for the end product which has a minimum protection of IP54 and fulfils the requirements of the EN 60079-0.

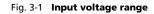
Reduced output current conditions must be considered for high ambient temperatures and non-standard mounting orientations.

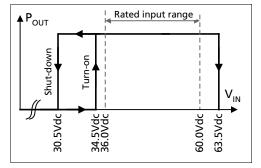
DIMENSION

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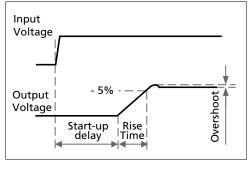
## 3. INPUT VOLTAGE

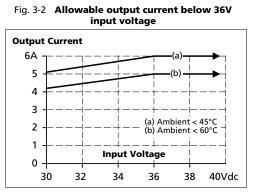
Input voltage	nom.	DC 48V	
Input voltage range		36.0-60.0Vdc	full specified
		30.5-36.0Vdc	maximal 60 seconds or with de-rating see Fig. 3-2
	max.	63.0Vdc	absolute maximum continuous input voltage with no damage to the DC/DC converter
Allowed voltage between input and earth	max.	60Vdc or 42.2Vac	in case the output voltage is not grounded.
Allowed input ripple voltage	max.	5Vpp	47Hz-500Hz, the momentary input voltage must always be within the specified limits.
Turn-on voltage	typ.	34.5Vdc	steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1
Shut-down voltage	typ.	30.5Vdc	steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1
	typ.	63.5Vdc	steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1
Input current	typ.	2.75A	at 48Vdc input and output 24V, 5A, see Fig. 3-4
Start-up delay	typ.	670ms	see Fig. 3-3
Rise time	typ.	80ms	0mF, 24V, constant current load 5A, see Fig. 3-3
	typ.	150ms	5mF, 24V, constant current load 5A, see Fig. 3-3
Turn-on overshoot	max.	500mV	see Fig. 3-3
Input capacitance	typ.	800µF	external capacitors on the input voltage bus are allowed without any limitations.



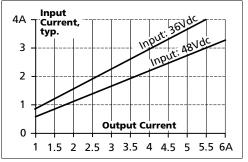












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### 4. SOFT-START AND INPUT INRUSH CURRENT SURGE

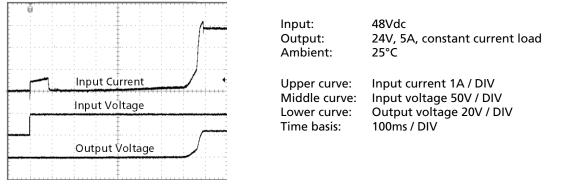
#### Inrush current limitation

An active inrush limitation circuit (inrush limiting resistor which is bypassed by a relay contact) limits the input inrush current after turn-on of the input voltage.

The charging current into EMI suppression capacitors is disregarded in the first microseconds after switch-on.

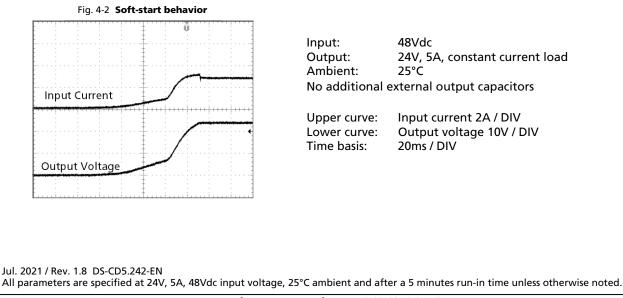
Inrush current	max.	0.8A <sub>peak</sub>	-25°C to +70°C, input: 48Vdc
	typ.	0.6A <sub>peak</sub>	-25°C to +70°C, input: 48Vdc
Inrush energy	typ.	negligible	-25°C to +70°C, input: 48Vdc

#### Fig. 4-1 Input inrush current, typical behavior



#### Soft-start function:

After the DC/DC converter is turned on, the internal output current rises slowly to its nominal value. This method charges the output capacitors (internal and external capacitors) slowly and avoids high input currents during turn-on. High input currents can produce a high voltage drop on the input wiring (especially with long and thin cables) which reduces the terminal voltage on the DC/DC converter. If the terminal voltage is below the shut-down voltage, the DC/DC converter will turn-off and will make a new start-up attempt. This effect is avoided with the integrated soft-start function. Please note that this function increases the rise time of the output voltage by a small amount.



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## 5. OUTPUT

Output voltage	nom.	24V	
Adjustment range		24-28V	*)
	max.	30V	at clockwise end position of potentiometer
Factory setting		24.1V	±0.2%, at full load, cold unit
Line regulation	max.	25mV	Input voltage variations between 36 to 60Vdc
Load regulation	max.	100mV	static value, 0A $\rightarrow$ 5A
Ripple and noise voltage	max.	50mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz, 50Ohm
Output capacitance	typ.	2 200µF	
Output current	nom.	6A	at 24V, ambient < 45°C, see Fig. 5-1
	nom.	5A	at 24V, ambient < 60°C, see Fig. 5-1
	nom.	5.2A	at 28V, ambient < 45°C, see Fig. 5-1
	nom.	4.3A	at 28V, ambient < 60°C, see Fig. 5-1
Output power	nom.	144W	for ambient temperatures < 45°C
	nom.	120W	for ambient temperatures < 60°C
Short-circuit current	min.	7A	continuous current, short circuit impedance 200mOhm
	max.	10A	continuous current, short circuit impedance 200mOhm

\*) extended guaranteed adjustment range down to 23V.

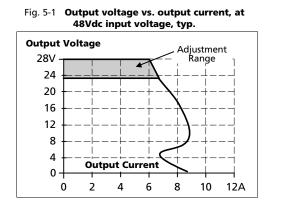
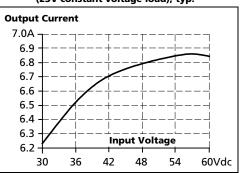


Fig. 5-2 Current limitation vs. input voltage, (23V constant voltage load), typ.



#### Peak current capability (up to several milliseconds)

The DC/DC converter can deliver a peak current, which is higher than the specified short term current. This helps to start current demanding loads or to safely operate subsequent circuit breakers.

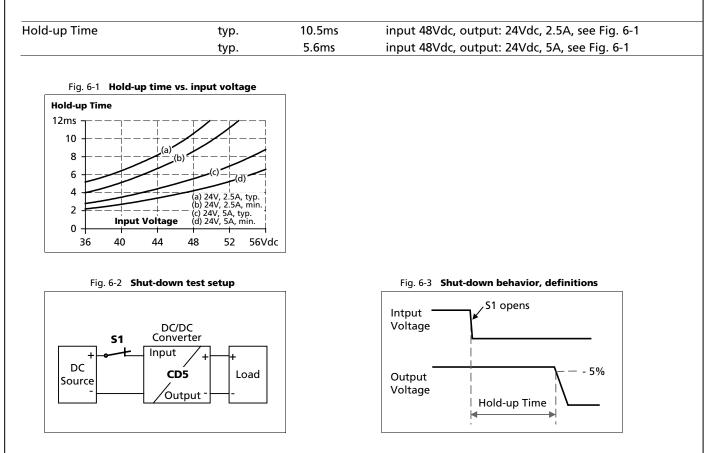
The extra current is supplied by the output capacitors inside the DC/DC converter. During this event, the capacitors will be discharged and causes a voltage dip on the output. Detailed curves can be found in chapter 22.1.

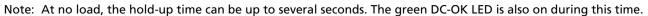
Peak current voltage dips	typ.	from 24V to 17.1V	at 10A for 50ms, resistive load
	typ.	from 24V to 15V	at 20A for 2ms, resistive load
	typ.	from 24V to 11V	at 20A for 5ms, resistive load

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### 6. HOLD-UP TIME

The input side of the DC/DC converter is equipped with a bulk capacitor which keeps the output voltage alive for a certain period of time when the input voltage dips or is removed. The bulk capacitor can be discharged by loading the DC/DC converter on the output side or through a load which is parallel to the input. There is no protection in the DC/DC converter which prevents current from flowing back to the input terminals. If prevention is needed, an external diode should be used.





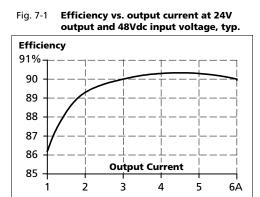
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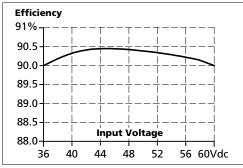
## CD5.242 DC/DC Converter 24V, 5A

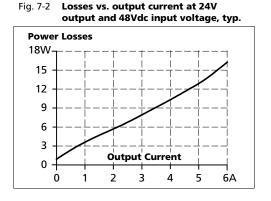
### 7. EFFICIENCY AND POWER LOSSES

		Input 48Vdc		
Efficiency	typ.	90.3%	at 24V, 5A	
Power losses	typ.	0.9W	at no output load	
	typ.	6.9W	at 24V, 2.5A	
	typ.	12.9W	at 24V, 5A	
	typ.	16.4W	at 24V, 6A	

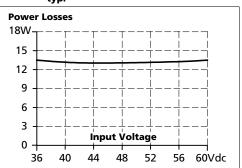


#### Fig. 7-3 Efficiency vs. input voltage at 24V, 5A, typ.





### Fig. 7-4 Losses vs. input voltage at 24V, 5A, typ.



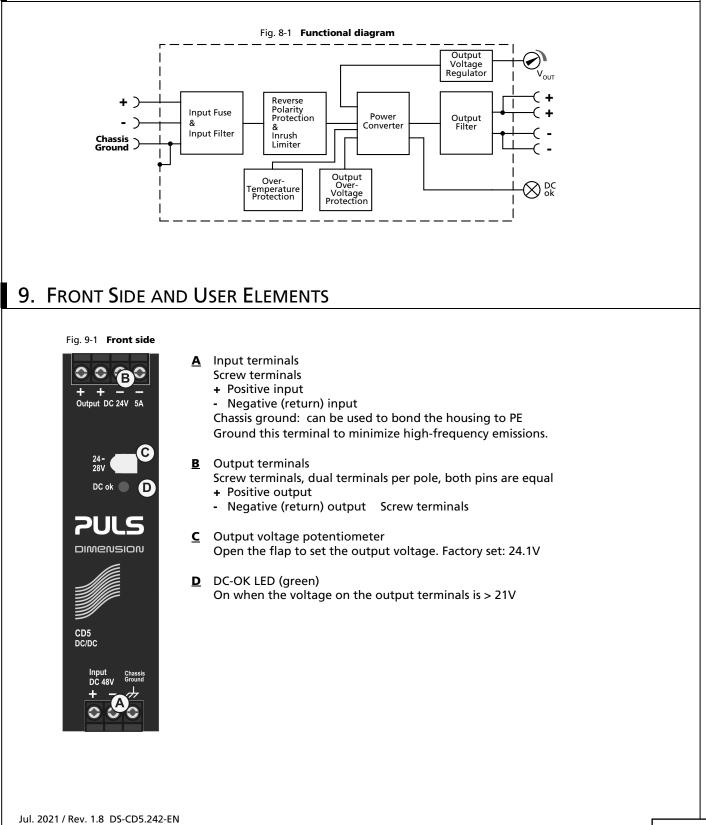
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## CD5.242 DC/DC Converter 24V, 5A

### 8. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



### **10.** TERMINALS AND WIRING

	Input	Output	
Туре	screw terminals	screw terminals	
Solid wire	max. 6mm <sup>2</sup>	max. 6mm <sup>2</sup>	
Stranded wire	max. 4mm <sup>2</sup>	max. 4mm <sup>2</sup>	
American Wire Gauge	20-10 AWG	20-10 AWG	
Wire stripping length	7mm / 0.275inch	7mm / 0.275inch	
Screwdriver	3.5mm slotted or	3.5mm slotted or	
	Pozidrive No 2	Pozidrive No 2	
Recommended tightening torque	1Nm, 9lb.in	1Nm, 9lb.in	

#### Instructions:

a) The external circuitry of all terminals must meet the safety requirements stipulated by IEC/EN/UL 60950-1: SELV.

- b) Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for an operating temperature of: 60°C for ambient up to 45°C and 75°C for ambient up to 60°C minimum.
- c) Follow national installation codes and installation regulations!
- d) Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection!
- e) Do not load the terminals with more than 25A! See chapter 22.9
- f) Screws of unused terminal compartments should be securely tightened.
- g) Ferrules are allowed.
- h) Do not connect or disconnect the wires from the terminals below -25°C (-13°F).

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### **11. LIFETIME EXPECTANCY**

The Lifetime expectancy shown in the table indicates the minimum operating hours (service life) and is determined by the lifetime expectancy of the built-in electrolytic capacitors. Lifetime expectancy is specified in operational hours and is calculated according to the capacitor's manufacturer specification. The prediction model allows only a calculation of up to 15 years from date of shipment.

Input 24Vdc		
169 000h	at 24V, 2.5A and 40°C	
64 000h	at 24V, 5A and 40°C	
39 000h	at 24V, 6A and 40°C	
181 000h	at 24V, 5A and 25°C	
	169 000h 64 000h 39 000h	169 000h at 24V, 2.5A and 40°C   64 000h at 24V, 5A and 40°C   39 000h at 24V, 6A and 40°C

### 12. MTBF

**MTBF** stands for **M**ean **T**ime **B**etween **F**ailure, which is calculated according to statistical device failures, and indicates reliability of a device. It is the statistical representation of the likelihood of a unit to fail and does not necessarily represent the life of a product.

The MTBF figure is a statistical representation of the likelihood of a device to fail. A MTBF figure of e.g. 1 000 000h means that statistically one unit will fail every 100 hours if 10 000 units are installed in the field. However, it can not be determined if the failed unit has been running for 50 000h or only for 100h.

Input 24Vdc		
MTBF SN 29500, IEC 61709	951 000h	at 24V, 5A and 40°C
	1 560 000h	at 24V, 5A and 25°C
MTBF MIL HDBK 217F	559 000h	at 24V, 5A and 40°C; Ground Benign GB40
	749 000h	at 24V, 5A and 25°C; Ground Benign GB25

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## 13. EMC

The DC/DC converter is suitable for applications in industrial environment as well as in residential, commercial and light industry environment without any restrictions.

EMC Immunity	Generic standar	ds: EN 61000-6-1 and EN 61000-6-2	2	
Electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2	Contact discharge	8kV	Criterion A
		Air discharge	15kV	Criterion A
Electromagnetic RF field	EN 61000-4-3	80MHz-2.7GHz	10V/m	Criterion A
Fast transients (Burst)	EN 61000-4-4	Input lines	4kV	Criterion A
		Output lines	2kV	Criterion A
Surge voltage on input	EN 61000-4-5	+ → -	1kV	Criterion A
		+/- $\rightarrow$ chassis ground	2kV	Criterion A
Surge voltage on output	EN 61000-4-5	$+ \rightarrow$ -	500V	Criterion A
		+ / - $\rightarrow$ chassis ground	1kV	Criterion A
Conducted disturbance	EN 61000-4-6	0.15-80MHz	10V	Criterion A
Critorions				

Criterions:

A: DC/DC converter shows normal operation behavior within the defined limits.

C: Temporary loss of function is possible. DC/DC converter may shut-down and restarts by itself. No damage or hazards for the DC/DC converter will occur.

EMC Emission	Generic standards: EN 61000-6-3 and EN 61000-6-4	
Conducted emission on input	IEC/CISPR 16-1-2, IEC/CISPR 16-2-1	Limits for DC power ports acc. EN 61000-6-3 fulfilled
Radiated emission	EN 55011, EN 55032	Class B

This device complies with FCC Part 15 rules.

Operation is subjected to following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### Switching frequency

Variable between 90kHz and 140kHz depending on load and input voltage (output current > 0.5A)

## 

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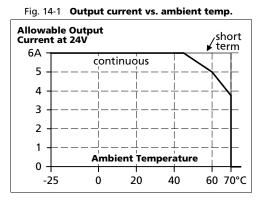
### 14. ENVIRONMENT

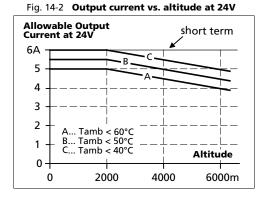
Operational temperature *)	-25°C to +70°C (-13°F to 158°F)	reduce output power according Fig. 14-1	
Storage temperature	-40 to +85°C (-40°F to 185°F)	for storage and transportation	
Output de-rating	1.6W/°C	45-60°C (113°F to 140°F)	
	3W/°C	60-70°C (140°F to 158°F)	
Humidity **)	5 to 95% r.H.	IEC 60068-2-30	
Vibration sinusoidal ***)	2-17.8Hz: ±1.6mm; 17.8-500Hz: 2g 2 hours / axis	IEC 60068-2-6	
Shock ***)	30g 6ms, 20g 11ms 3 bumps / direction, 18 bumps in total	IEC 60068-2-27	
Altitude	0 to 6000m (0 to 20 000ft)	reduce output power or ambient temperature above 2000m sea level.	
Altitude de-rating	7.5W/1000m or 5°C/1000m	above 2000m (6500ft), see Fig. 14-2	
Over-voltage category	III	IEC 62477-1, EN 50178, altitudes up to 2000m	
	II	altitudes from 2000m to 6000m	
Degree of pollution	2	IEC 62477-1, EN 50178, not conductive	

\*) Operational temperature is the same as the ambient temperature and is defined as the air temperature 2cm below the unit.

\*\*) Do not energize while condensation is present.

\*\*\*) Tested in combination with DIN rails according to EN 60715 with a height of 15mm and a thickness of 1.3mm and standard mounting orientation.





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### **15. PROTECTION FEATURES**

Output protection	tection Electronically protected against overload, no-load and short-circuits *)		
Output over-voltage protection	typ. 31Vdc max. 32Vdc	in case of an internal DC/DC converter defect, a redundant circuit limits the maximum output voltage. The output shuts down and automatically attempts to restart.	
Reverse input polarity protection	included	unit does not start when input voltage is reversed	
Output over-current protection	electronically limited *)	see Fig. 5-1	
Degree of protection	IP 20	EN/IEC 60529	
Penetration protection	> 3.5mm	e.g. screws, small parts	
Over-temperature protection	yes	output shut-down with automatic restart	
Input transient protection	MOV	Metal Oxide Varistor	
Internal input fuse	Included not user replaceable		

**16.** SAFETY FEATURES

Classification of output voltage	SELV	IEC/EN 60950-1	
	PELV	IEC/EN 60204-1, EN 50178, IEC 62477-1, IEC 60364-4-41	
Class of protection	III	PE (Protective Earth) connection not required. A connection of the "Chassis Ground" pin to earth is recommended for best EMI performance	
Isolation resistance	> 5MOhm	input to output, 500Vdc	
PE resistance	< 0.10hm	between housing and Chassis Ground terminal	
Touch current (leakage current)	The leakage current which is produced by the DC/DC converter itself depends on the input voltage ripple and need to be investigated in the final application. For a smooth DC input voltage, the produced leakage current is less than 100µA.		

\*) provided, that the input voltage meets the requirements of chapter 2.

Jul. 2021 / Rev. 1.8 DS-CD5.242-EN All parameters are specified at 24V, 5A, 48Vdc input voltage, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

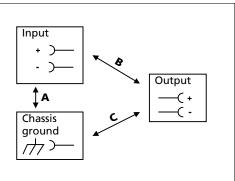
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### 17. DIELECTRIC STRENGTH

The output voltage is floating and has no ohmic connection to the ground.

Type and factory tests are conducted by the manufacturer. Field tests may be conducted in the field using the appropriate test equipment which applies the voltage with a slow ramp (2s up and 2s down). Connect all input terminals together as well as all output poles before conducting the test. When testing, set the cut-off current settings to the value in the table below.

Fig. 17-1 Dielectric strength



		Α	В	С
Type test	60s	1500Vac	1500Vac	500Vac
Factory test	5s	1500Vac	1500Vac	500Vac
Field test	5s	1000Vac	1000Vac	500Vac
Cut-off current setting		> 30mA	> 30mA	> 12mA

To fulfill the PELV requirements according to EN60204-1 § 6.4.1, we recommend that either the + pole, the – pole or any other part of the output circuit shall be connected to the protective earth system. This helps to avoid situations in which a load starts unexpectedly or can not be switched off when unnoticed earth faults occur.

**CD-Series** 

CD5.242 DC/DC Converter 24V, 5A

### 18. APPROVED, FULFILLED OR TESTED STANDARDS

UL 508		UL Certificate
	CUL US LISTED	Listed equipment for category NMTR - Industrial Control Equipment Applicable for US and Canada E-File: E198865
IEC 60950-1	CB Report	CB Scheme Certificate General safety requirements for Information Technology Equipment (ITE)
UL 60950-1		UL Certificate Recognized component for category QQGQ - Information Technology Equipment (ITE) Applicable for US and Canada E-File: E137006
ATEX	Æx>	Agency Certificate (Bureau Veritas) EN 60079-0 Explosive atmospheres - General requirements EN 60079-7, EN 60079-15 Equipment protection by type of protection "e" and "n" Certificate: EPS 08 ATEX 1 142 X Temperature Code: T4 Type of Protection: ec nC
IECEx	IECEx	IECEx Certificate IEC 60079-0 Explosive atmospheres - General requirements IEC 60079-15 Equipment protection by type of protection "n" Certificate: IECEx EPS 14.0001X Temperature Code: T4 Type of Protection: ec nC
Class I Div 2	c Steves us	CSA Certificate Power Supplies for Hazardous Location Applicable for Canada and US CSA Class: 5318-01 (Canada), 5318-81 (USA) Temperature Code: T4 Groups: A, B, C and D
Class I Div 2	CUL US LISTED	UL Certificate Listed equipment for category NRAD - Listed equipment Industrial Control Equipment for Use in Hazardous Locations Applicable for US and Canada E-File: E327416 Temperature Code: T4 Groups: A, B, C and D
Marine (DNV)	DNV.COM/AF	DNV Certificate DNV Type approved product Certificate: TAA00001ST Temperature: Class D Humidity: Class B Vibration: Class C EMC: Class A Enclosure: Class A

#### **PULS** CD5.242 DIMENSION DC/DC Converter 24V, 5A **CD-Series** Marine (ABS) ABS Design Assessment Certificate ABS ABS (American Bureau of Shipment) assessed product Certificate: 17-HG1599236-PD IEC 60068-2-60 Manufacturer's Declaration (Online Document) Environmental Tests, Flowing Mixed Gas Corrosion Test Test Ke - Method 4 Corrosion H2S: 10ppb IEC 60068-2-60 💊 NO2: 200ppb Method 4

Cl2: 10ppb SO2: 200ppb

H2S: 100ppb

NOx: 1250ppb Cl2: 20ppb SO2: 300ppb

Test Duration: 3 weeks, which simulates a service life of 10 years.

Test Duration: 3 weeks, which simulates a service life of 10 years

Tested for Zone 2 and test class C1 according to VDMA 24364-C1-

Paint Wetting Impairment Substances Test (or LABS-Test)

Manufacturer's Declaration (Online Document)

Airborne Contaminants Corrosion Test

L/W for solvents and water-based paints

Severity Level: G3 Harsh

**19.** REGULATORY PRODUCT COMPLIANCE

Corrosion

G3-ISA-71.04

LABS

VDMA 24364-C1-L/W

ISA-71.04 G3

VDMA 24364

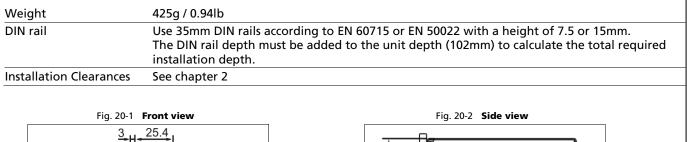
EU Declaration of Conformity	CE	The CE mark indicates conformance with the - EMC directive - ATEX directive - RoHS directive
кс		KC Registration Korean registration of Broadcasting and Communication Equipment Registered under Clause 3, Article 58-2 of Radio Waves Act.
REACH Directive	REACH 🗸	Manufacturer's Statement EU-Directive regarding the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals
WEEE Directive	X	Manufacturer's Statement EU-Regulation on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Registered in Germany as business to business (B2B) products.
EAC TR Registration	ERC	EAC Certificate EAC EurAsian Conformity - Registration Russia, Kazakhstan and Belarus 8504408200, 8504409000

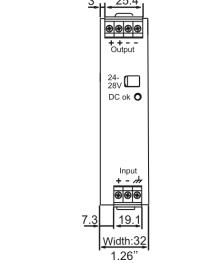
DIMENSION

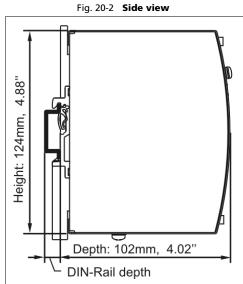
**CD-Series** 

CD5.242 DC/DC Converter 24V, 5A

### 20. PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT







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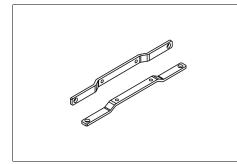
CD5.242 DC/DC Converter 24V, 5A

### 21. ACCESSORIES

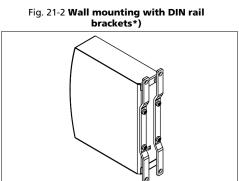
### 21.1. ZM1.WALL-WALL MOUNTING BRACKET

This bracket is used to mount specific Dimension units onto a flat surface without utilizing a DIN rail. The two aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider of the unit have to be removed, so that the two steel brackets can be mounted.





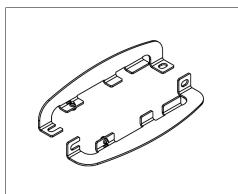
\*) PSU for illustration purpose only.



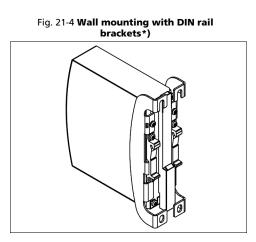
### 21.2. ZM10.WALL-WALL/PANEL MOUNT BRACKET

This bracket is used to mount the devices on a wall/panel without utilizing the DIN rail. The bracket can be mounted without detaching the DIN rail brackets from the power supply.





\*) PSU for illustration purpose only.



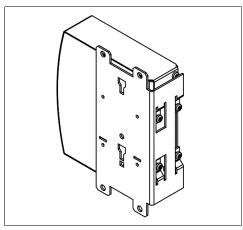
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**CD-Series** 

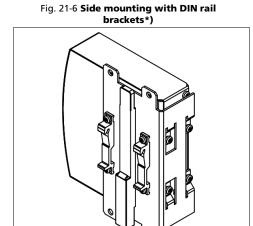
### 21.3. ZM11.SIDE-SIDE MOUNTING BRACKET

This bracket is used to mount Dimension units sideways with or without utilizing a DIN rail. The two aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider of the unit have to be detached, so that the steel brackets can be mounted. For sideway DIN rail mounting, the removed aluminum brackets and the black plastic slider need to be mounted on the steel bracket.

Fig. 21-5 ZM11.SIDE Side mounting bracket\*)



\*) PSU for illustration purpose only.



### 21.4. YRM2.DIODE REDUNDANCY MODULE



The YR2.DIODE is a dual redundancy module, which has two diodes as decoupling devices included. It can be used for various purposes.

The most popular application is to configure highly reliable and true redundant power supply systems. Another interesting application is the separation of sensitive loads from non-sensitive loads.

his avoids the distortion of the power quality for the sensitive loads which can cause controller failures.

Due to the compact design, the unit is very slender and only requires 32mm width on the DIN rail.

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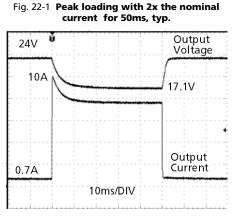
### 22. APPLICATION NOTES

### 22.1. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

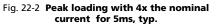
Solenoids, contactors and pneumatic modules often have a steady state coil and a pick-up coil. The inrush current demand of the pick-up coil is several times higher than the steady-state current and usually exceeds the nominal output current (including the PowerBoost) The same situation applies, when starting a capacitive load.

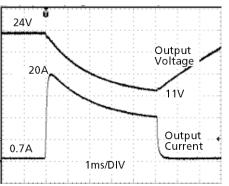
Branch circuits are often protected with circuit breakers or fuses. In case of a short or an overload in the branch circuit, the fuse needs a certain amount of over-current to trip or to blow. The peak current capability ensures the safe operation of subsequent circuit breakers.

Assuming the input voltage is turned on before such an event, the built-in large sized output capacitors inside the DC/DC converter can deliver extra current. Discharging this capacitor causes a voltage dip on the output. The following two examples show typical voltage dips:



Peak load 10A (resistive load) for 50ms Output voltage dips from 24V to 17.1V.





Peak load 20A (resistive load) for 5ms Output voltage dips from 24V to 11V.

### 22.2. BACK-FEEDING LOADS

Loads such as decelerating motors and inductors can feed voltage back to the DC/DC converter. This feature is also called return voltage immunity or resistance against Back- E.M.F. (Electro Magnetic Force).

This DC/DC converter is resistant and does not show malfunctioning when a load feeds back voltage to the DC/DC converter. It does not matter, whether the DC/DC converter is on or off.

The maximum allowed feed-back-voltage is 30Vdc. The absorbing energy can be calculated according to the built-in large sized output capacitance which is specified in chapter 5.

### 22.3. INDUCTIVE AND CAPACITIVE LOADS

The unit is designed to supply any kind of loads, including unlimited capacitive and inductive loads.

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### 22.4. CHARGING OF BATTERIES

The DC/DC converter can be used to charge lead-acid or maintenance free batteries. (Two 12V batteries in series) **Instructions for charging batteries:** 

- a) Ensure that the ambient temperature of the DC/DC converter is below 45°C
- b) Do not use DC/DC converters in mounting orientations other than the standard mounting orientation (input terminals on the bottom and output terminals on top of the unit).
- c) Set output voltage (measured at no load and at the battery end of the cable) very precisely to the end-of-charge voltage.

End-of-charge voltage	27.8V	27.5V	27.15V	26.8V
Battery temperature	10°C	20°C	30°C	40°C

- d) Use a 6A or 10A circuit breaker (or blocking diode) between the DC/DC converter and the battery.
- e) Ensure that the output current of the DC/DC converter is below the allowed charging current of the battery.
- f) Use only matched batteries when putting 12V types in series.
- g) The return current to the DC/DC converter (battery discharge current) is typ. 26.4mA when the DC/DC converter is switched off (except in case a blocking diode is utilized).

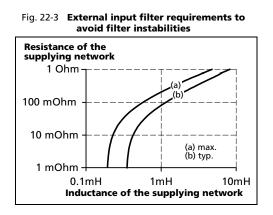
### 22.5. EXTERNAL INPUT PROTECTION

The unit is tested and approved for branch circuits up to 50A. An external protection is only required, if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than this. Check also local codes and local requirements. In some countries local regulations might apply.

If an external fuse is necessary or utilized, minimum requirements need to be considered to avoid nuisance tripping of the circuit breaker. A minimum value of 6A B- or 6A C-Characteristic breaker should be used.

### 22.6. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SUPPLYING SOURCE

In certain circumstances, the input filter of the DC/DC converter can show a resonant effect which is caused by the supplying network. Especially when additional external input filters are utilized, a superimposed AC voltage can be generated on the input terminals of the DC/DC converter which might cause a malfunction of the unit. Therefore, additional input filters are not recommended. To avoid the resonant effects, the minimal resistance of the supplying network which depends on the inductance of the input network, shall be above the boundary curve in Fig. 22-3.



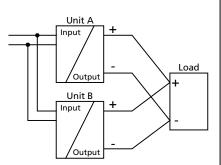
Jul. 2021 / Rev. 1.8 DS-CD5.242-EN All parameters are specified at 24V, 5A, 48Vdc input voltage, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

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### 22.7. PARALLEL USE TO INCREASE OUTPUT POWER

The DC/DC-converter can be paralleled to increase the output power. There are no feature included which balances the load current between the DC/DC converters. Therefore some restrictions and limitations apply. The DC/DC converter with the higher adjusted output voltage draws current until it goes into current limitation. This means no harm or switch-off to this DC/DC converter as long as the ambient temperature stays below 45°C. The CD5.242 can also be paralleled with power supplies from the DIMENSION CT, QS or QT-series. For other power supplies consult PULS. Set the "single use / parallel use" jumper to "parallel use" if such an option is available.



The output voltages of all DC/DC converters shall be adjusted to the same value

(±100mV) at full load. A fuse or diode on the output of each unit is only required if more than three units are connected in parallel. This avoid that more than 2 times of the nominal output current can flow backwards into the DC/DC converter in case the output stage of the DC/DC converter has a defect. If a fuse (or circuit breaker) is used, choose one with approximately 150% of the rated output current of one DC/DC converter. Keep an installation clearance of 15mm (left / right) between two DC/DC converters and avoid installing the DC/DC converters on top of each other. Do not use DC/DC converters in parallel in mounting orientations other than the standard mounting orientation (input terminals on the bottom and output terminals on top of the unit).

### 22.8. PARALLEL USE FOR REDUNDANCY

The DC/DC converters can be paralleled for 1+1 redundancy to gain higher system availability. Redundant systems require a certain amount of extra power to support the load in case one DC/DC converter fails. The simplest way is to put two DC/DC converters in parallel. This is called a 1+1 redundancy. In case one DC/DC converter fails, the other one is automatically able to support the load current without any interruption. Redundant systems for a higher power demand are usually built in an N+1 method. E.g. five DC/DC converters, each rated for 5A are paralleled to build a 20A redundant system.

Furthermore, 1+1 redundant systems can be built by using a DC/DC converter powered from a battery and a power supply with AC input.

Please note: This simple way to build a redundant system does not cover failures such as an internal short circuit in the secondary side of the DC/DC converter. In such a case, the defect unit becomes a load for the other DC/DC converters and the output voltage can not be maintained any more. This can only be avoided by utilizing decoupling diodes which are included in the decoupling module YRM2.DIODE.

Recommendations for building redundant power systems:

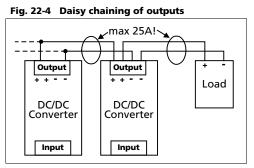
- Use separate input fuses for each DC/DC converter. a)
- Monitor the individual DC/DC converter units. A DC-OK LED and a DC-OK contact is included in the redundancy b) module YRM2.DIODE. This feature reports a faulty unit.
- 1+1 Redundancy is allowed up to an ambient temperature of 60°C c) N+1 Redundancy is allowed up to an ambient temperature of 45°C
- It is desirable to set the output voltages of all units to the same value (± 100mV) or leave it at the factory setting. d)

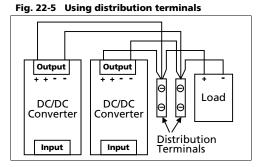
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CD5.242 DC/DC Converter 24V, 5A

### 22.9. DAISY CHAINING OF OUTPUTS

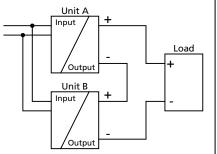
Daisy chaining (jumping from one DC/DC converter output to the next) is allowed as long as the average output current through one terminal pin does not exceed 25A. If the current is higher, use a separate distribution terminal block.





### 22.10. SERIES OPERATION

DC/DC converters of the exact same type can be connected in series for higher output voltages. It is possible to connect as many units in series as needed, providing the sum of the output voltage does not exceed 150Vdc. Voltages with a potential above 60Vdc are not SELV any more and can be dangerous. Such voltages must be installed with a protection against touching. Earthing of the output is required when the sum of the output voltage is above 60Vdc. Avoid return voltage (e.g. from a decelerating motor or battery) which is applied to the output terminals. Keep an installation clearance of 15mm (left / right) between two DC/DC converters and avoid installing the DC/DC converters on top of each other. Do not use DC/DC converters in series in mounting orientations other than



the standard mounting orientation (input terminals on the bottom and output terminals on top of the unit).

### 22.11. Use in a Tightly Sealed Enclosure

When the DC/DC converter is installed in a tightly sealed enclosure, the temperature inside the enclosure will be higher than outside. In such situations, the inside temperature defines the ambient temperature for the DC/DC converter.

The following measurement results can be used as a reference to estimate the temperature rise inside the enclosure.

The DC/DC converter is placed in the middle of the box, no other heat producing items are inside the box

Enclosure:	Rittal Typ IP66 Box PK 9516 100, plastic, 110x180x165mm
Load:	24V, 4A; (=80%) load is placed outside the box
Input:	48Vdc
Temperature inside enclosure:	42.8°C (in the middle of the right side of the DC/DC converter with a distance of 2cm)
Temperature outside enclosure:	24.0°C
Temperature rise:	18.8K

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### 22.12. MOUNTING ORIENTATIONS

Mounting orientations other than input terminals on the bottom and output on the top require a reduction in continuous output power or a limitation in the max. allowed ambient temperature. The amount of reduction influences the lifetime expectancy of the DC/DC converter. Therefore, two different derating curves for continuous operation can be found below:



**Curve A2** Max allowed output current (results in approximately half the lifetime expectancy of A1).

